

# The faraway Package

August 31, 2005

**Version** 0.9.0

**Date** 2005-08-29

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**Title** Functions and datasets for books by Julian Faraway.

**Description** Books are "Practical Regression and ANOVA in R" on CRAN, "Linear Models with R" published in August 2004 by CRC press and "Extending the Linear Model with R" appearing soon published by CRC press

**Depends** R (>= 1.2.1)

**License** GPL (version 2 or later)

**URL** <http://www.stat.lsa.umich.edu/~faraway/book>

**LazyData** yes

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Cpplot

*Cp plot*

---

### Description

Makes a Cp plot

### Usage

`Cpplot(cp)`

### Arguments

`cp`                    A leaps object returned from `leaps()`

### Details

Requires leaps package

### Value

none

### Author(s)

Julian Faraway

### References

### See Also

`leaps()`

### Examples

---

`aatemp`*Annual mean temperatures in Ann Arbor, Michigan*

---

**Description**

The data comes from the U.S. Historical Climatology Network.

**Usage**

```
data(aatemp)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 115 observations on the following 2 variables.

**year** year from 1854 to 2000

**temp** annual mean temperatures in degrees F in Ann Arbor

**Source**

United States Historical Climatology Network: <http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/oa/climate/research/ushcn/ushcn.html>

---

`abrasion`*Wear on materials according to type, run and position*

---

**Description**

The `composite` data frame has 16 rows and 4 columns. Four materials were fed into a wear testing machine and the amount of wear recorded. Four samples could be processed at the same time and the position of these samples may be important. A Latin square design was used.

**Usage**

```
data(abrasion)
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**run** The run number 1-4

**position** The position number 1-4

**material** The material A-D

**wear** The wear measured loss of weight in 0.1mm over testing period

**Source**

The Design and Analysis of Industrial Experiments by O. Davies, 1954, published by Wiley

---

aflatoxin

*aflatoxin dosage and liver cancer in lab animals*


---

**Description**

Aflatoxin B1 was fed to lab animals at vary doses and the number responding with liver cancer recorded.

**Usage**

```
data(aflatoxin)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 6 observations on the following 3 variables.

**dose** dose in ppb

**total** number of test animals

**tumor** number with liver cancer

**Source**

Gaylor DW (1987) "Linear nonparametric upper limits for low dose extrapolation" ASA Proceedings of the Biopharmaceutical Section.

**Examples**

```
data(aflatoxin)
```

---

africa

*military coups and politics in sub-Saharan Africa*


---

**Description**

Data is a subset of a larger study on factors affecting regime stability in Sub-Saharan Africa

**Usage**

```
data(africa)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 47 observations on the following 9 variables.

**miltcoup** number of successful military coups from independence to 1989

**oligarchy** number years country ruled by military oligarchy from independence to 1989

**pollib** Political liberalization - 0 = no civil rights for political expression, 1 = limited civil rights for expression but right to form political parties, 2 = full civil rights

**parties** Number of legal political parties in 1993

**pctvote** Percent voting in last election  
**popn** Population in millions in 1989  
**size** Area in 1000 square km  
**numelec** Total number of legislative and presidential elections  
**numregim** Number of regime types

### Source

Bratton, Michael, and Nicholas Van De Walle. 1997. "Political Regimes and Regime Transitions in Africa, 1910-1994." *Study Number I06996*. Ann Arbor: Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research.

### References

"Bayesian Methods: A Social and Behavioral Sciences Approach" by Jeff Gill 2002.

---

alfalfa

*Effects of seed inoculum, irrigation and shade on alfalfa yield*

---

### Description

The `alfalfa` data frame has 25 rows and 4 columns. Data comes from an experiment to test the effects of seed inoculum, irrigation and shade on alfalfa yield. A latin square design has been used.

### Usage

```
data(alfalfa)
```

### Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

**shade** Distance of location from tree line divided into 5 shade areas  
**irrigation** Irrigation effect divided into 5 levels  
**inoculum** Four types of seed inoculum, A-D with E as control.  
**yield** Dry matter yield of alfalfa

### Source

Petersen, R.G. 1994. *Agricultural Field Experiments, Design and Analysis*. Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York. Pages 70-74. 1994

---

 amlxray

*Match pair study for AML and Xray link*


---

### Description

A matched case control study carried out to investigate the connection between X-ray usage and acute myeloid leukemia in childhood. The pairs are matched by age, race and county of residence.

### Usage

```
data(amlxray)
```

### Format

A data frame with 238 observations on the following 11 variables.

**ID** a factor denoting the matched pairs

**disease** 0=control, 1=case

**Sex** F or M

**downs** Presence of Downs syndrome: no or yes

**age** Age in years

**Mray** Did the mother ever have an Xray: no or yes

**MupRay** Did the mother have an Xray of the upper body during pregnancy: no or yes

**MlowRay** Did the mother have an Xray of the lower body during pregnancy: no or yes

**Fray** Did the father ever have an Xray: no or yes

**Cray** Did the child ever have an Xray: no or yes

**CnRay** Total number of Xrays of the child 1=none < 2=1 or 2 < 3=3 or 4 < 4= 5 or more

### Source

Chap T. Le (1998) "Applied Categorical Data Analysis" Wiley.

---

 babyfood

*Respiratory disease rates of babies fed in different ways*


---

### Description

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

### Usage

```
data(babyfood)
```

### Format

See for yourself



**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

beetle

*Beetles exposed to fumigant*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(beetle)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

bliss

*Bliss insecticide data*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(bliss)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

 breaking

*Breaking strength of materials*


---

### Description

An experiment was conducted to select the supplier of raw materials for production of a component. The breaking strength of the component was the objective of interest. Four suppliers were considered. The four operators can only produce one component each per day. A Latin square design was used.

### Usage

```
data(breaking)
```

### Format

A data frame with 16 observations on the following 4 variables.

**y** The breaking strength of the component

**operator** the operator - a factor with levels op1 op2 op3 op4

**day** the day of production - a factor with levels day1 day2 day3 day4

**supplier** the supplier of the raw material - a factor with levels A B C D

### Source

Lentner M. and Bishop T. (1986) Experimental Design and Analysis, Valley Book Company

---

broccoli

*Broccoli weight variation*


---

### Description

A number of growers supply broccoli to a food processing plant. The plant instructs the growers to pack the broccoli into standard size boxes. There should be 18 clusters of broccoli per box and each cluster should weigh between 1.33 and 1.5 pounds. Because the growers use different varieties, methods of cultivation etc, there is some variation in the cluster weights. The plant manager selected 3 growers at random and then 4 boxes at random supplied by these growers. 3 clusters were selected from each box.

### Usage

```
data(broccoli)
```

### Format

A data frame with 36 observations on the following 4 variables.

**wt** weight of broccoli

**grower** the grower - a factor with levels 1 2 3

**box** the box - a factor with levels 1 2 3 4

**cluster** the cluster - a factor with levels 1 2 3

**Source**

Lentner M. and Bishop T. (1986) Experimental Design and Analysis, Valley Book Company

---

cathedral

*Cathedral nave heights and lengths in England*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(cathedral)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

chicago

*Chicago insurance redlining*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(chicago)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

`chiczip`*Chicago zip codes north-south*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(chiczip)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

`chmiss`*Chicago insurance redlining*

---

**Description**

Data from a 1970's study on the relationship between insurance redlining in Chicago and racial composition, fire and theft rates, age of housing and income in 47 zip codes. Missing values have been randomly added.

**Usage**

```
data(chmiss)
```

**Format**

This dataframe contains the following columns

**race** racial composition in percent minority

**fire** fires per 100 housing units

**theft** theft per 1000 population

**age** percent of housing units built before 1939

**involact** new FAIR plan policies and renewals per 100 housing units

**income** median family income in thousands of dollars

**side** North or South side of Chicago

**Source**

Adapted from "Data : A Collection of Problems from Many Fields for the Student and Research Worker" by D. Andrews and A. Herzberg published by Springer-Verlag, in 1985

---

 choccake

---

*Chocolate cake experiment with split plot design*


---

**Description**

An experiment was conducted to determine the effect of recipe and baking temperature on chocolate cake quality. 15 batches of cake mix for each recipe were prepared. Each batch was sufficient for six cakes. Each of the six cakes was baked at a different temperature which was randomly assigned. Several measures of cake quality were recorded of which breaking angle was just one.

**Usage**

```
data(choccake)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 270 observations on the following 4 variables.

**recipe** Chocolate for recipe 1 was added at 40C, Chocolate for recipe 2 was added at 60C and recipe 3 had extra sugar

**batch** batch number from 1 to 15

**temp** temperature at which cake was baked: 175C 185C 195C 205C 215C 225C

**breakang** the breaking angle of the cake

**Source**

Cochran W. and Cox G. (1992) Experimental Designs, 2nd Edition Wiley

---

 chredlin

---

*Chicago insurance redlining*


---

**Description**

Data from a 1970's study on the relationship between insurance redlining in Chicago and racial composition, fire and theft rates, age of housing and income in 47 zip codes

**Usage**

```
data(chredlin)
```

**Format**

This dataframe contains the following columns

**race** racial composition in percent minority

**fire** fires per 100 housing units

**theft** theft per 1000 population

**age** percent of housing units built before 1939

**involact** new FAIR plan policies and renewals per 100 housing units

**income** median family income in thousands of dollars

**side** North or South side of Chicago

**Source**

Adapted from "Data : A Collection of Problems from Many Fields for the Student and Research Worker" by D. Andrews and A. Herzberg published by Springer-Verlag, in 1985

---

clot

*Blood clotting times*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(clot)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

cmob

*Social class mobility from 1971 to 1981 in the UK*


---

**Description**

Social class mobility from 1971 to 1981 for 42425 men from the United Kingdom census. Subjects were aged 45-64.

**Usage**

```
data(cmob)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 36 observations on the following 3 variables.

**y** Frequency of observation

**class71** social class in 1971 - a factor with levels I, professionals, II semi-professionals, IIIN skilled non-manual, IIIM skilled manual, IV semi-skilled, V unskilled

**class81** social class in 1971 - a factor with levels I II IIIN IIIM IV V with same classification

**Source**

D. Blane and S. Harding and M. Rosato (1999) "Does social mobility affect the size of the socio-economic mortality differential?: Evidence from the Office for National Statistics Longitudinal Study" JRSS-A, 162 59-70.

---

cns

*Malformations of the central nervous system*


---

**Description**

Frequencies of various malformations of the central nervous system recorded on live births in South Wales, UK. Study was designed to determine the effect of water hardness on the incidence of such malformations.

**Usage**

```
data(cns)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 16 observations on the following 7 variables.

**Area** a factor with levels Cardiff GlamorganC GlamorganE GlamorganW MonmouthOther MonmouthV Newport Swansea being areas of South Wales

**NoCNS** count of births with no CNS problem

**An** count of Anencephalus births

**Sp** count of Spina Bifida births

**Other** count of other CNS births

**Water** water hardness

**Work** a factor with levels Manual NonManual being the type of work done by the parents

### Source

C. Lowe and C. Roberts and S. Lloyd, (1971) Malformations of the central nervous system and softness of local water supplies, British Medical Journal, 15,357-361.

### References

P. McCullagh and J. Nelder (1989), Generalized Linear Models, Chapman and Hall, 2nd Ed.

---

coagulation	<i>Blood coagulation times by diet</i>
-------------	--

---

### Description

Dataset comes from a study of blood coagulation times. 24 animals were randomly assigned to four different diets and the samples were taken in a random order.

### Usage

```
data(coagulation)
```

### Format

This dataframe contains the following columns

**coag** coagulation time in seconds

**diet** diet type - A,B,C or D

### Source

"Statistics for Experimenters" by G. P. Box, W. G. Hunter and J. S. Hunter, Wiley, 1978

---

composite	<i>Strength of a thermoplastic composite depending on two factors</i>
-----------	---

---

### Description

The `composite` data frame has 9 rows and 3 columns. Data comes from an experiment to test the strength of a thermoplastic composite depending on the power of a laser and speed of a tape.

### Usage

```
data(composite)
```



**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**strength** interply bond strength of the composite

**laser** laser power at 40, 50 or 60W

**tape** tape speed, slow=6.42 m/s, medium=13m/s and fast=27m/s

**Source**

Mazumdar, S and Hoa S (1995) "Application of a Taguchi Method for Process enhancement of an online consolidation technique" Composites 26, 669-673

---

cornnit

*Corn yields from nitrogen application*

---

**Description**

The relationship between corn yield (bushels per acre) and nitrogen (pounds per acre) fertilizer application were studied in Wisconsin.

**Usage**

```
data(cornnit)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 44 observations on the following 2 variables.

**yield** corn yield in bushels per acre

**nitrogen** pounds per acre

**Source**

Unknown

---

corrosion

*Corrosion loss in Cu-Ni alloys*

---

**Description**

Data consist of thirteen specimens of 90/10 Cu-Ni alloys with varying iron content in percent. The specimens were submerged in sea water for 60 days and the weight loss due to corrosion was recorded in units of milligrams per square decimeter per day.

**Usage**

```
data(corrosion)
```

**Format**

This dataframe contains the following columns

**Fe** Iron content in percent

**loss** Weight loss in mg per square decimeter per day

**Source**

"Applied Regression Analysis" by N. Draper and H. Smith, Wiley, 1998

---

cpd

*Projected and actual sales of 20 consumer products*

---

**Description**

Projected and actual sales of 20 consumer products. Data have been disguised from original form.

**Usage**

`data(cpd)`

**Format**

A data frame with 20 observations on the following 2 variables.

**projected** projected sales in dollars

**actual** actual sales in dollars

**Source**

G. Whitmore (1986) "Inverse Gaussian Ratio Estimation" Applied Statistics, 35, 8-15.

---

ctsib

*Effects of surface and vision on balance*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

`data(ctsib)`

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

death	<i>Death penalty in Florida 1977</i>
-------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Data on 326 defendants in homicide indictments in 20 Florida counties during 1976-77.

**Usage**

```
data(death)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 8 observations on the following 4 variables.

**y** a numeric vector

**penalty** Did the subject receive the death penalty? no or yes

**victim** Was the victim black or white?

**defend** Was the defendant black or white?

**Source**

Radelet M. (1981) Racial characteristics and the imposition of the death penalty. Amer. Sociol. Rev. **46** 918-927.

**References**

Agresti A. (1990) Categorical Data Analysis, Wiley.

---

debt	<i>psychology of debt</i>
------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

The data arise from a large postal survey on the psychology of debt.

**Usage**

```
data(debt)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 464 observations on the following 13 variables.

**incomegp** income group (1=lowest, 5=highest)

**house** security of housing tenure (1=rent, 2=mortgage, 3=owned outright)

**children** number of children in household

**singpar** is the respondent a single parent?

**agegp** age group (1=youngest)

**bankacc** does the respondent have a bank account?

**bsocacc** does the respondent have a building society account?

**manage** self-rating of money management skill (high values=high skill)

**ccarduse** how often did s/he use credit cards (1=never... 3=regularly)

**cigbuy** does s/he buy cigarettes?

**xmasbuy** does s/he buy Christmas presents for children?

**locintrn** score on a locus of control scale (high values=internal)

**prodebt** score on a scale of attitudes to debt (high values=favourable to debt)

**Details**

All yes/no questions are coded 0=no, 1=yes. Locus of control is a personality measure introduced by Rotter, which claims to differentiate people according to how much they feel things that happen to them are as a result of processes within themselves (internal locus of control) or outside events (external locus of control).

**Source**

Lea, Webley & Walker, 1995, *Journal of Economic Psychology*, 16, 181-201 Data obtained from <http://www.exeter.ac.uk/~SEGLea>.

---

diabetes

*Diabetes and obesity, cardiovascular risk factors*

---

**Description**

403 African Americans were interviewed in a study to understand the prevalence of obesity, diabetes, and other cardiovascular risk factors in central Virginia.

**Usage**

`data(diabetes)`

**Format**

A data frame with 403 observations on the following 19 variables.

**id** Subject ID  
**chol** Total Cholesterol  
**stab.glu** Stabilized Glucose  
**hdl** High Density Lipoprotein  
**ratio** Cholesterol/HDL Ratio  
**glyhb** Glycosolated Hemoglobin  
**location** County - a factor with levels Buckingham Louisa  
**age** age in years  
**gender** a factor with levels male female  
**height** height in inches  
**weight** weight in pounds  
**frame** a factor with levels small medium large  
**bp.1s** First Systolic Blood Pressure  
**bp.1d** First Diastolic Blood Pressure  
**bp.2s** Second Systolic Blood Pressure  
**bp.2d** Second Diastolic Blood Pressure  
**waist** waist in inches  
**hip** hip in inches  
**time.ppn** Postprandial Time (in minutes) when Labs were Drawn

**Details**

Glycosolated hemoglobin greater than 7.0 is usually taken as a positive diagnosis of diabetes

**Source**

Willems JP, Saunders JT, DE Hunt, JB Schorling: Prevalence of coronary heart disease risk factors among rural blacks: A community-based study. *Southern Medical Journal* 90:814-820; 1997

**References**

Schorling JB, Roach J, Siegel M, Baturka N, Hunt DE, Guterbock TM, Stewart HL: A trial of church-based smoking cessation interventions for rural African Americans. *Preventive Medicine* 26:92-101; 1997

---

dicentric

*Radiation dose effects on chromosomal abnormality*

---

### Description

An experiment was conducted to determine the effect of gamma radiation on the numbers of chromosomal abnormalities observed

### Usage

```
data(dicentric)
```

### Format

A data frame with 27 observations on the following 4 variables.

**cells** Number of cells in hundreds

**ca** Number of chromosomal abnormalities

**doseamt** amount of dose in Grays

**doserate** rate of dose in Grays/hour

### Source

Purott R. and Reeder E. (1976) The effect of changes in dose rate on the yield of chromosome aberrations in human lymphocytes exposed to gamma radiation. *Mutation Research*. 35, 437-444.

### References

Frome E. and DuFrain R. (1986) Maximum Likelihood Estimation for Cytogenic Dose-Response Curves. *Biometrics*. 42, 73-84.

---

divusa

*Divorce in the USA 1920-1996*

---

### Description

Divorce rates in the USA from 1920-1996

### Usage

```
data(divusa)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 77 observations on the following 7 variables.

**year** the year from 1920-1996

**divorce** divorce per 1000 women aged 15 or more

**unemployed** unemployment rate

**femlab** percent female participation in labor force aged 16+

**marriage** marriages per 1000 unmarried women aged 16+

**birth** births per 1000 women aged 15-44

**military** military personnel per 1000 population

**Source**

Unknown

---

drugpsy

*Choice of drug treatment for psychiatry patients*

---

**Description**

A sample of psychiatry patients were cross-classified by their diagnosis and whether a drug treatment was prescribed.

**Usage**

`data(drugpsy)`

**Format**

A data frame with 10 observations on the following 3 variables.

**y** the number of patients

**diagnosis** a factor with levels `Affective.Disorder` `Neurosis` `Personality.Disorder` `Schizophrenia` `Special.Symptoms`

**drug** a factor with levels `no` `yes`

**Source**

Helmes E. and Fekken G. (1986) Effects of psychotropic drugs and psychiatric illness on vocational aptitude and interest assessment. *J. Clin. Psychol.* **42** 569-576

**References**

Agresti A. (1990) "Categorical Data Analysis" Wiley

dvisits

*Doctor visits in Australia***Description**

The data come from the Australian Health Survey of 1977-78 and consist of 5190 single adults where young and old have been oversampled.

**Usage**

```
data(dvisits)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 5190 observations on the following 19 variables.

**sex** 1 if female, 0 if male

**age** Age in years divided by 100 (measured as mid-point of 10 age groups from 15-19 years to 65-69 with 70 or more coded treated as 72)

**agesq** age squared

**income** Annual income in Australian dollars divided by 1000 (measured as mid-point of coded ranges Nil, less than 200, 200-1000, 1001-, 2001-, 3001-, 4001-, 5001-, 6001-, 7001-, 8001-10000, 10001-12000, 12001-14000, with 14001- treated as 15000)

**levyplus** 1 if covered by private health insurance fund for private patient in public hospital (with doctor of choice), 0 otherwise

**freepoor** 1 if covered by government because low income, recent immigrant, unemployed, 0 otherwise

**freerepa** 1 if covered free by government because of old-age or disability pension, or because invalid veteran or family of deceased veteran, 0 otherwise

**illness** Number of illnesses in past 2 weeks with 5 or more coded as 5

**actdays** Number of days of reduced activity in past two weeks due to illness or injury

**hscore** General health questionnaire score using Goldberg's method. High score indicates bad health

**chcond1** 1 if chronic condition(s) but not limited in activity, 0 otherwise

**chcond2** 1 if chronic condition(s) and limited in activity, 0 otherwise

**doctorco** Number of consultations with a doctor or specialist in the past 2 weeks

**nondocco** Number of consultations with non-doctor health professionals (chemist, optician, physiotherapist, social worker, district community nurse, chiropractist or chiropractor) in the past 2 weeks

**hospadmi** Number of admissions to a hospital, psychiatric hospital, nursing or convalescent home in the past 12 months (up to 5 or more admissions which is coded as 5)

**hospdays** Number of nights in a hospital, etc. during most recent admission: taken, where appropriate, as the mid-point of the intervals 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8-14, 15-30, 31-60, 61-79 with 80 or more admissions coded as 80. If no admission in past 12 months then equals zero

**medicine** Total number of prescribed and nonprescribed medications used in past 2 days

**prescrib** Total number of prescribed medications used in past 2 days

**nonpresc** Total number of nonprescribed medications used in past 2 days



**Source**

Cameron A, Trivedi P, Milne F and Piggot J (1988) A Microeconometric model of the demand for health care and health insurance in Australia, *Review of Economic Studies* 55, 85-106

---

eco

*Ecological regression example*

---

**Description**

Relationship between 1998 per capita income dollars from all sources and the proportion of legal state residents born in the United States in 1990 for each of the 50 states plus the District of Columbia

**Usage**

```
data(eco)
```

**Format**

This dataframe contains the following columns

**usborn** Percentage of population born in the United States

**income** Per capita annual income in dollars

**home** Percentage born in state

**pop** Population of state

**Source**

US Bureau of the Census

---

eggprod

*Treatment and block effects on egg production*

---

**Description**

The `composite` data frame has 12 rows and 3 columns. Six pullets were placed into each of 12 pens. Four blocks were formed from groups of 3 pens based on location. Three treatments were applied. The number of eggs produced was recorded

**Usage**

```
data(eggprod)
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**treat** Three treatments: O, E or F

**block** Four blocks labeled 1-4

**eggs** Number of eggs produced

**Source**

Mead, R., R.N. Curnow, and A.M. Hasted. 1993. Statistical Methods in Agriculture and Experimental Biology. Chapman and Hall, London, p. 64. 1993

---

eggs

*Laboratory testing of dried egg fat content*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(eggs)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

epilepsy

*Seizure rates of epileptics under treatment*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(epilepsy)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

esdcomp

*Complaints about emergency room doctors*

---

**Description**

Data was recorded on 44 doctors working in an emergency service at a hospital to study the factors affecting the number of complaints received.

**Usage**

```
data(esdcomp)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 44 observations on the following 6 variables.

**visits** the number of patient visits

**complaints** the number of complaints

**residency** is the doctor in residency training N or Y

**gender** gender of doctor F or M

**revenue** dollars per hour earned by the doctor

**hours** total number of hours worked

**Source**

Chap T. Le (1998) "Applied Categorical Data Analysis" Wiley

---

exa

*Non parametric regression test data A*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(exa)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

 exb

*Non parametric regression test data B*


---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(exb)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

 eyegrade

*grading of eye pairs for distance vision*


---

**Description**

A sample of women are rated for the performance of distance vision in each eye.

**Usage**

```
data(eyegrade)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 16 observations on the following 3 variables.

**y** the observed count

**right** rated vision in the right eye - a factor with levels best second third worst

**left** rated vision in the left eye - a factor with levels best second third worst

**Source**

A. Stuart (1955) A test for homogeneity of the marginal distributions in a two-way classification, *Biometrika*, 42, 412-416.

---

 faithful

*Eruption durations and intervals for Old Faithful*


---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(faithful)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

 fat

*Percentage of Body Fat and Body Measurements*


---

**Description**

Age, weight, height, and 10 body circumference measurements are recorded for 252 men. Each man's percentage of body fat was accurately estimated by an underwater weighing technique.

**Usage**

```
data(fat)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 252 observations on the following 18 variables.

**brozek** Percent body fat using Brozek's equation,  $457/\text{Density} - 414.2$

**siri** Percent body fat using Siri's equation,  $495/\text{Density} - 450$

**density** Density ( $\text{gm}/\text{cm}^3$ )

**age** Age (yrs)

**weight** Weight (lbs)

**height** Height (inches)

**adipos** Adiposity index =  $\text{Weight}/\text{Height}^2$  ( $\text{kg}/\text{m}^2$ )

**free** Fat Free Weight =  $(1 - \text{fraction of body fat}) * \text{Weight}$ , using Brozek's formula (lbs)

**neck** Neck circumference (cm)

**chest** Chest circumference (cm)  
**abdom** Abdomen circumference (cm) at the umbilicus and level with the iliac crest  
**hip** Hip circumference (cm)  
**thigh** Thigh circumference (cm)  
**knee** Knee circumference (cm)  
**ankle** Ankle circumference (cm)  
**biceps** Extended biceps circumference (cm)  
**forearm** Forearm circumference (cm)  
**wrist** Wrist circumference (cm) distal to the styloid processes

### Source

Johnson R. Journal of Statistics Education v.4, n.1 (1996)

---

femsmoke

*Mortality due to smoking according age group in women*

---

### Description

In 1972-74, a survey of one in six residents of Whickham, near Newcastle, England was made. Twenty years later, this data recorded in a follow-up study. Only women who are current smokers or who have never smoked are included.

### Usage

```
data(femsmoke)
```

### Format

A data frame with 28 observations on the following 4 variables.

**y** observed count for given combination

**smoker** a factor with levels yes no

**dead** a factor with levels yes no

**age** a factor with agegroup levels 18-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 65-74 75+

### Source

D. Appleton, J. French, M. Vanderpump (1996) "Ignoring a Covariate: An Example of Simpson's Paradox" American Statistician, 50, 340-341

**Description**

Elections for the French presidency proceed in two rounds. In 1981, there were 10 candidates in the first round. The top two candidates then went on to the second round, which was won by Francois Mitterand over Valery Giscard-d'Estaing. The losers in the first round can gain political favors by urging their supporters to vote for one of the two finalists. Since voting is private, we cannot know how these votes were transferred, we might hope to infer from the published vote totals how this might have happened. Data is given for vote totals in every fourth department of France:

**Usage**

```
data(fpe)
```

**Format**

This dataframe contains the following columns (vote totals are in thousands)

- EI** Electeur Inscrits (registered voters)
- A** Voters for Mitterand in the first round
- B** Voters for Giscard in the first round
- C** Voters for Chirac in the first round
- D** Voters for Communists in the first round
- E** Voters for Ecology party in the first round
- F** Voters for party F in the first round
- G** Voters for party G in the first round
- H** Voters for party H in the first round
- I** Voters for party I in the first round
- J** Voters for party J in the first round
- K** Voters for party K in the first round
- A2** Voters for Mitterand in the second round
- B2** Voters for party Giscard in the second round
- N** Difference between the number of voters in the second round and in the first round

**Source**

"The Teaching of Practical Statistics" by C.W. Anderson and R.M. Loynes, Wiley,1987

---

fruitfly

*Longevity of fruitflies depending on sexual activity and thorax length*

---

### Description

The fruitfly data frame has 9 rows and 3 columns. 125 fruitflies were divided randomly into 5 groups of 25 each. The response was the longevity of the fruitfly in days. One group was kept solitary, while another was kept individually with a virgin female each day. Another group was given 8 virgin females per day. As an additional control the fourth and fifth groups were kept with one or eight pregnant females per day. Pregnant fruitflies will not mate. The thorax length of each male was measured as this was known to affect longevity.

### Usage

```
data(fruitfly)
```

### Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

**thorax** Thorax length

**longevity** Lifetime in days

**activity** Sexual activity group - many, isolated, one, low or high

### Source

"Sexual Activity and the Lifespan of Male Fruitflies" by L. Partridge and M. Farquhar, Nature, 1981, 580-581

---

gala

*Species diversity on the Galapagos Islands*

---

### Description

There are 30 Galapagos islands and 7 variables in the dataset. The relationship between the number of species of tortoise and several geographic variables is of interest. The original dataset contained several missing values which have been filled for convenience.

### Usage

```
data(gala)
```



**Format**

The dataset contains the following variables

**Species** the number of species of tortoise found on the island

**Endemics** the number of endemic species

**Area** the area of the island (km<sup>2</sup>)

**Elevation** the highest elevation of the island (m)

**Nearest** the distance from the nearest island (km)

**Scrutz** the distance from Santa Cruz island (km)

**Adjacent** the area of the adjacent island (square km)

**Source**

M. P. Johnson and P. H. Raven (1973) "Species number and endemism: The Galapagos Archipelago revisited" *Science*, 179, 893-895

---

gavote

*Undercounted votes in Georgia in 2000 presidential election*

---

**Description**

The data comes from the US presidential election in the state of Georgia. The undercount is the difference between the number of ballots cast and votes recorded. Voters may have chosen not to vote for president, voted for more than one candidate (disqualified) or the equipment may have failed to register their choice.

**Usage**

```
data(gavote)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 159 observations on the following 10 variables. Each case represents a county in Georgia.

**equip** The voting equipment used: LEVER, OS-CC (optical, central count), OS-PC (optical, precinct count) PAPER, PUNCH

**econ** economic status of county: middle poor rich

**perAA** percent of African Americans in county

**rural** indicator of whether county is rural or urban

**atlanta** indicator of whether county is in Atlanta or not: notAtlanta

**gore** number of votes for Gore

**bush** number of votes for Bush

**other** number of votes for other candidates

**votes** number of votes

**ballots** number of ballots

**Source**

Meyer M. (2002) Uncounted Votes: Does Voting Equipment Matter? *Chance*, 15(4), 33-38

---

haireye	<i>Hair and eye color</i>
---------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

Data collected from 592 students in an introductory statistics class

**Usage**

```
data(haireye)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 16 observations on the following 3 variables.

**y** count of the number of student with given hair/eye combination

**eye** a factor with levels green hazel blue brown

**hair** a factor with levels BLACK BROWN RED BLOND

**Source**

Snee R. (1974) Graphical display of two-way contingency tables. *American Statistician*, 28, 9-12

---

halfnorm	<i>Half Normal Plot</i>
----------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Makes a half-normal plot

**Usage**

```
halfnorm(x, nlab = 2, labs = as.character(1:length(x)), ylab = "Sorted Data",
...)
```

**Arguments**

<b>x</b>	a numeric vector
<b>nlab</b>	number of points to label
<b>labs</b>	labels for points
<b>ylab</b>	label for Y-axis
<b>...</b>	arguments passed to plot()

**Details**

**Value**

none

**Author(s)**

Julian Faraway

**References**

**See Also**

**Examples**

```
halfnorm(runif(10))
```

---

happy	<i>love, work and happiness</i>
-------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

Data were collected from 39 students in a University of Chicago MBA class

**Usage**

```
data(happy)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 39 observations on the following 5 variables.

**happy** Happiness on a 10 point scale where 10 is most happy

**money** family income in thousands of dollars

**sex** 1 = satisfactory sexual activity, 0 = not

**love** 1 = lonely, 2 = secure relationships, 3 = deep feeling of belonging and caring

**work** 5 point scale where 1 = no job, 3 = OK job, 5 = great job

**Source**

George and McCulloch (1993) "Variable Selection via Gibbs Sampling" JASA, 88, 881-889

---

 hormone

*Hormones and Sexual Orientation*


---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(hormone)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

 hprice

*Housing prices in US cities 86-94*


---

**Description**

Data on housing prices in 36 US metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) over 9 years from 1986-1994 were collected.

**Usage**

```
data(hprice)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 324 observations on the following 8 variables.

**narsp** log average sale price

**ypc** average per capita income

**perypc** percentage growth in per capita income

**regtest** Regulatory environment index (high values = more regulations)

**rcdum** Rent control - a factor with levels 0=no 1=yes

**ajwtr** Adjacent to a coastline - a factor with levels 0=no 1=yes

**msa** indicator for the MSA

**time** Year 1=1986 to 9=1994

**Source**

Longitudinal and Panel Data: Analysis and Applications in the Social Sciences, by Edward W. Frees, Cambridge University Press, August 2004.

---

hsb

*Career choice of high school students*

---

**Description**

Data was collected as a subset of the "High School and Beyond" study conducted by the National Education Longitudinal Studies (NELS) program of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).

**Usage**

```
data(hsb)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 200 observations on the following 11 variables.

**id** ID of student

**gender** a factor with levels female male

**race** a factor with levels african-amer asian hispanic white

**ses** socioeconomic class - a factor with levels high low middle

**schtyp** school type - a factor with levels private public

**prog** choice of high school program - a factor with levels academic general vocation

**read** reading score

**write** writing score

**math** math score

**science** science score

**socst** social science score

**Details**

One purpose of the study was to determine which factors are related to the choice of the type of program, academic, vocational or general, that the students pursue in high school.

**Source**

National Education Longitudinal Studies (NELS) program of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).

---

ilogit                      *Inverse Logit Transformation*

---

**Description**

Computes the inverse logit transformation

**Usage**

```
ilogit(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      a numeric vector

**Details****Value**

$\exp(x)/(1+\exp(x))$

**Author(s)**

Julian Faraway

**References****See Also**

logit

**Examples**

```
ilogit(1:3)
#[1] 0.7310586 0.8807971 0.9525741
```

---

`infmort`*Infant mortality according to income and region*

---

**Description**

The `infmort` data frame has 105 rows and 4 columns. The infant mortality in regions of the world may be related to per capita income and whether oil is exported. The dataset is not recent.

**Usage**

```
data(infmort)
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**region** Region of the world, Africa, Europe, Asia or the Americas

**income** Per capita annual income in dollars

**mortality** Infant mortality in deaths per 1000 births

**oil** Does the country export oil or not?

**Source**

Unknown

---

`irrigation`*Agricultural experiment with irrigation*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(irrigation)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

jsp

*Junior Schools Project*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(jsp)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

kanga

*Historic Kangaroos*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(kanga)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway



---

lawn	<i>Cut-off times of lawnmowers</i>
------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Data on the cut-off times of lawnmowers was collected. 3 machines were randomly selected from those produced by manufacturers A and B. Each machine was tested twice at low speed and high speed.

**Usage**

```
data(lawn)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 24 observations on the following 4 variables.

**manufact** Manufacturer - a factor with levels A B

**machine** Lawn mower - a factor with levels m1 m2 m3 m4 m5 m6

**speed** Speed of testing - a factor with levels H L

**time** cut-off time

**Source**

Unknown.

---

leafblotch	<i>Leaf blotch on barley</i>
------------	------------------------------

---

**Description**

The data gives the proportion of leaf area affected by leaf blotch on 10 varieties of barley at 9 different sites.

**Usage**

```
data(leafblotch)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 90 observations on the following 3 variables.

**blotch** proportion of the barley leaf affected by blotch

**site** the physical location - a factor with levels 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

**variety** variety of barley - a factor with levels 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

**Source**

R. W. M. Wedderburn (1974) "Quasilikelihood functions, generalized linear models and the Gauss-Newton method" *Biometrika*, 61, 439-447.

**References**

P. McCullagh and J. Nelder (1989) "Generalized Linear Models" Chapman and Hall, 2nd ed.

---

logit	<i>Logit transformation</i>
-------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Computes the logit transformation

**Usage**

```
logit(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    a numeric vector

**Details**

x <=0 or >=1 will return NA

**Value**

$\log(x/(1-x))$

**Author(s)**

Julian Faraway

**References****See Also**

ilogit

**Examples**

```
logit(c(0.1, 0.5, 1.0, 1.1))
#[1] -2.197225  0.000000      NA      NA
```

---

mammalsleep

*Sleep in Mammals: Ecological and Constitutional Correlates*


---

**Description**

The mammalsleep data frame has 62 rows and 10 columns. Sleep in Mammals: Ecological and Constitutional Correlates

**Usage**

```
data(mammalsleep)
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**body** body weight in kg

**brain** brain weight in g

**nondream** slow wave ("nondreaming") sleep (hrs/day)

**dream** paradoxical ("dreaming") sleep (hrs/day)

**sleep** total sleep (hrs/day) (sum of slow wave and paradoxical sleep)

**lifespan** maximum life span (years)

**gestation** gestation time (days)

**predation** predation index (1-5) 1 = minimum (least likely to be preyed upon) to 5 = maximum (most likely to be preyed upon)

**exposure** sleep exposure index (1-5) 1 = least exposed (e.g. animal sleeps in a well-protected den) 5 = most exposed

**danger** overall danger index (1-5) (based on the above two indices and other information) 1 = least danger (from other animals) 5 = most danger (from other animals)

**Source**

"Sleep in Mammals: Ecological and Constitutional Correlates" by Allison, T. and Cicchetti, D. (1976), Science, November 12, vol. 194, pp. 732-734.

---

maxadjr

*Maximum Adjusted R-squared*


---

**Description**

Displays the best models from a leaps object

**Usage**

```
maxadjr(1, best=3)
```

**Arguments**

- |      |  |
|------|--|
| l    | A leaps object returned from leaps()   |
| best | An optional argument specify the number of models to be returned taking the default value of 3 |

**Details**

Requires leaps package

**Value**

A list of the best models

**Author(s)**

Julian Faraway

**References****See Also**

leaps()

**Examples**

---

meatspec

*Meat spectrometry to determine fat content*

---

**Description**

A Tecator Infratec Food and Feed Analyzer working in the wavelength range 850 - 1050 nm by the Near Infrared Transmission (NIT) principle was used to collect data on samples of finely chopped pure meat. 215 samples were measured. For each sample, the fat content was measured along with a 100 channel spectrum of absorbances. Since determining the fat content via analytical chemistry is time consuming we would like to build a model to predict the fat content of new samples using the 100 absorbances which can be measured more easily.

**Usage**

```
data(meatspec)
```

**Format**

Dataset contains the following variables

**v1-v100** absorbances across a range of 100 wavelengths

**fat** fat content

**Source**

H. H. Thodberg (1993) "Ace of Bayes: Application of Neural Networks With Pruning", report no. 1132E, Maglegaardvej 2, DK-4000 Roskilde, Danmark

---

melanoma

*Melanoma by type and location*

---

**Description**

Data comes from a study of Malignant Melanoma involving 400 subjects.

**Usage**

```
data(melanoma)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 12 observations on the following 3 variables.

**count** number of cases

**tumor** type of tumor - a factor with levels `freckle indeterminate nodular superficial`

**site** location of tumor on the body - a factor with levels `extremity head trunk`

**Source**

Dobson A. (2002) An introduction to generalized linear models, Chapman Hall.

---

motorins

*Third party motor insurance claims in Sweden in 1977*

---

**Description**

In Sweden all motor insurance companies apply identical risk arguments to classify customers, and thus their portfolios and their claims statistics can be combined. The data were compiled by a Swedish Committee on the Analysis of Risk Premium in Motor Insurance. The Committee was asked to look into the problem of analyzing the real influence on claims of the risk arguments and to compare this structure with the actual tariff.

**Usage**

```
data(motorins)
```



**knowname** Roughly how many people in your street, or in the streets just near you, do you know the names of? Ans is a factor with levels none 1-5 6-20 20+

**callname** How many of those people (not counting children) would you call by their first names? Ans is a factor with levels none 1-5 6-20 20+

**age** a factor with levels -18 18-30 31-50 51-65 65+

**district** a factor with levels 1 2 3 4

**sex** a factor with levels female male

### Details

Exeter is a city in the county of Devon which is in Britain. The four districts can be briefly described as follows. District 1 was a long-established residential area near the city centre, with housing dating from the late nineteenth century. Originally working class, it now has a considerable middle class population with some student and other temporary accommodation. District 2 was a working-class housing estate dating from the 1930s, with mainly rented accommodation but some owner occupation. District 3 was the oldest part of a more recently developed, mainly middle-class, almost exclusively owner-occupied estate, dating from the 1960s. District 4 was the most recently developed part of a more sought-after middle-class residential area, with smaller but almost entirely owner-occupied properties dating from the 1970s and 1980s.

### Source

P. Webley & S. Lea 1993, *Human Relations* 46, 65-76.

---

nels88

*Subset of National Education Longitudinal Study 1988*

---

### Description

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

### Usage

```
data(nels88)
```

### Format

See for yourself

### Source

See Reference

### References

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

 nepali

*Nepali child health study*


---

**Description**

The data are a subset from public health study on Nepalese children.

**Usage**

```
data(nepali)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 1000 observations on the following 9 variables.

**id** There is a seven digit code for the child's ID: 2 digits for the panchayat number; 1 digit for the ward within panchayat; 3 digits for the household; 1 digit for child within household.

**sex** 1 = male; 2 = female

**wt** Child's weight measured in kilograms

**ht** Child's height measured in centimeters

**mage** Mother's age in years

**lit** Indicator of mother's literacy: 0 = no; 1 = yes

**died** The number of children the mother has had that died.

**alive** The number of children the mother has ever had born alive

**age** age of child

**Source**

West KP, Jr., LeClerq SC, Shrestha SR, Wu LS, Pradhan EK, Khattry SK, Katz J, Adhikari R, Sommer A. Effects of vitamin A on growth of vitamin A deficient children: field studies in Nepal. *J Nutr* 1997;10:1957-1965.

---

 nes96

*US 1996 national election study*


---

**Description**

10 variable subset of the 1996 American National Election Study. Missing values and "don't know" responses have been listwise deleted. Respondents expressing a voting preference other than Clinton or Dole have been removed.

**Usage**

```
data(nes96)
```



**Format**

A data frame with 944 observations on the following 10 variables.

**popul** population of respondent's location in 1000s of people

**TVnews** days in the past week spent watching news on TV

**selfLR** Left-Right self-placement of respondent: an ordered factor with levels extremely liberal, extLib < liberal, Lib < slightly liberal, sliLib < moderate, Mod < slightly conservative, sliCon < conservative, Con < extremely conservative, extCon

**ClinLR** Left-Right placement of Bill Clinton (same scale as selfLR): an ordered factor with levels extLib < Lib < sliLib < Mod < sliCon < Con < extCon

**DoleLR** Left-Right placement of Bob Dole (same scale as selfLR): an ordered factor with levels extLib < Lib < sliLib < Mod < sliCon < Con < extCon

**PID** Party identification: an ordered factor with levels strong Democrat, strDem < weak Democrat, weakDem < independent Democrat, indDem < independent independentindind < independent Republican, indRep < weak Republican, weakRep < strong Republican, strRep

**age** Respondent's age in years

**educ** Respondent's education: an ordered factor with levels 8 years or less, MS < high school dropout, HSdrop < high school diploma or GED, HS < some College, Coll < Community or junior College degree, CCdeg < BA degree, BAdeg < postgraduate degree, MAdeg

**income** Respondent's family income: an ordered factor with levels \$3kminus < \$3K-\$5K < \$5K-\$7K < \$7K-\$9K < \$9K-\$10K < \$10K-\$11K < \$11K-\$12K < \$12K-\$13K < \$13K-\$14K < \$14K-\$15K < \$15K-\$17K < \$17K-\$20K < \$20K-\$22K < \$22K-\$25K < \$25K-\$30K < \$30K-\$35K < \$35K-\$40K < \$40K-\$45K < \$45K-\$50K < \$50K-\$60K < \$60K-\$75K < \$75K-\$90K < \$90K-\$105K < \$105Kplus

**vote** Expected vote in 1996 presidential election: a factor with levels Clinton and Dole

**Source**

Sapiro, Virginia, Steven J. Rosenstone, Donald R. Kinder, Warren E. Miller, and the National Election Studies. AMERICAN NATIONAL ELECTION STUDIES, 1992-1997: COMBINED FILE [Computer file]. 2nd ICPSR version. Ann Arbor, MI: University of Michigan, Center for Political Studies [producer], 1999. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 1999.

**References**

Found at <http://www.stat.washington.edu/quinn>

---

 oatvar

*Yields of oat varieties planted in blocks*


---

**Description**

Data from an experiment to compare 8 varieties of oats. The growing area was heterogeneous and so was grouped into 5 blocks. Each variety was sown once within each block and the yield in grams per 16ft row was recorded.

**Usage**

```
data(oatvar)
```

**Format**

The dataset contains the following variables

**yield** Yield in grams per 16ft row

**block** Blocks I to V

**variety** Variety 1 to 8

**Source**

"Statistical Theory in Research" by R. Anderson and T. Bancroft, McGraw Hill, 1952

---

odor

*Odor of chemical by production settings*

---

**Description**

Data from an experiment to determine the effects of column temperature, gas/liquid ratio and packing height in reducing unpleasant odor of chemical product that was being sold for household use

**Usage**

```
data(odor)
```

**Format**

**odor** Odor score

**temp** Temperature coded as -1, 0 and 1

**gas** Gas/Liquid ratio coded as -1, 0 and 1

**pack** Packing height coded as -1, 0 and 1

**Source**

"Statistical Design and Analysis of Experiments" by P. John, Macmillan, 1971

---

ohio

*Ohio Children Wheeze Status*

---

### Description

The ohio data frame has 2148 rows and 4 columns. The dataset is a subset of the six-city study, a longitudinal study of the health effects of air pollution.

### Usage

```
data(ohio)
```

### Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

**resp** an indicator of wheeze status (1=yes, 0=no)

**id** a numeric vector for subject id

**age** a numeric vector of age, 0 is 9 years old

**smoke** an indicator of maternal smoking at the first year of the study

### References

Fitzmaurice, G.M. and Laird, N.M. (1993) A likelihood-based method for analyzing longitudinal binary responses, *Biometrika* **80**: 141–151.

---

orings

*Spache Shuttle Challenger O-rings*

---

### Description

The 1986 crash of the space shuttle Challenger was linked to failure of O-ring seals in the rocket engines. Data was collected on the 23 previous shuttle missions. The launch temperature on the day of the crash was 31F.

### Usage

```
data(orings)
```

### Format

A data frame with 23 observations on the following 2 variables.

**temp** temperature at launch in degrees F

**damage** number of damage incidents out of 6 possible

### Source

Presidential Commission on the Space Shuttle Challenger Accident, Vol. 1, 1986: 129-131.

**References**

S. Dalal, E. Fowlkes and B. Hoadley (1989) "Risk Analysis of the Space Shuttle: Pre-Challenger Prediction of Failure." Journal of the American Statistical Association. 84: 945-957.

---

ozone

*Ozone readings in LA*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

`data(ozone)`

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

parstum

*Marijuana and parent alcohol and drug use*

---

**Description**

445 college students were classified according to both frequency of marijuana use and parental use of alcohol and psychoactive drugs.

**Usage**

`data(parstum)`

**Format**

A data frame with 9 observations on the following 3 variables.

**parent** Number of parents using drugs or alcohol - a factor with levels Both Neither One

**student** Student usage of marijuana - a factor with levels Never Occasional Regular

**count** the number of cases

**Source**

Ellis, Godfrey J. and Stone, Lorene H. (1979) Marijuana Use in College: "An Evaluation of a Modeling Explanation" Youth and Society 10, 323-34

---

peanut

*Carbon dioxide effects on peanut oil extraction*

---

**Description**

The peanut data frame has 16 rows and 6 columns. Carbon dioxide effects on peanut oil extraction

**Usage**

```
data(peanut)
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**press** CO2 pressure - two levels low=0, high=1

**temp** CO2 temperature - two levels low=0, high=1

**moist** peanut moisture - two levels low=0, high=1

**flow** CO2 flow rate - two levels low=0, high=1

**size** peanut particle size - two levels low=0, high=1

**solubility** the amount of oil that could dissolve in the CO2

**Source**

Kilgo, M (1989) "An Application of Fractional Factorial Experimental Designs" *Quality Engineering*, 1, 45-54

---

penicillin

*Penicillin yields by block and treatment*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(penicillin)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

pima

*Diabetes survey on Pima Indians*

---

### Description

The National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases conducted a study on 768 adult female Pima Indians living near Phoenix.

### Usage

```
data(pima)
```

### Format

The dataset contains the following variables

**pregnant** Number of times pregnant

**glucose** Plasma glucose concentration at 2 hours in an oral glucose tolerance test

**diastolic** Diastolic blood pressure (mm Hg)

**triceps** Triceps skin fold thickness (mm)

**insulin** 2-Hour serum insulin (mu U/ml)

**bmi** Body mass index (weight in kg/(height in metres squared))

**diabetes** Diabetes pedigree function

**age** Age (years)

**test** test whether the patient shows signs of diabetes (coded 0 if negative, 1 if positive)

### Source

The data may be obtained from UCI Repository of machine learning databases at <http://www.ics.uci.edu/~mllearn/MLRepository.html>

---

pipeline

*NIST data on ultrasonic measurements of defects in the Alaska pipeline*

---

### Description

Researchers at National Institutes of Standards and Technology (NIST) collected data on ultrasonic measurements of the depths of defects in the Alaska pipeline in the field. The depth of the defects were then remeasured in the laboratory. These measurements were performed in six different batches. The laboratory measurements are more accurate than the in-field measurements, but more time consuming and expensive.

### Usage

```
data(pipeline)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 107 observations on the following 3 variables.

**Field** measurement of depth of defect on site

**Lab** measurement of depth of defect in the lab

**Batch** the batch of measurements

**Source**

Office of the Director of the Institute of Materials Research (now the Materials Science and Engineering Laboratory) of NIST

---

pneumo

*Pneumoconiosis in coal miners*

---

**Description**

The data for this example contains the number of coal miners classified by radiological examination into one of three categories of pneumoultramicroscopicosilicovolcanoconiosis (known as pneumoconiosis for short) and by number of years spent working at the coal face divided into eight categories.

**Usage**

`data(pneumo)`

**Format**

A data frame with 24 observations on the following 3 variables.

**Freq** number of miners

**status** pneumoconiosis status - a factor with levels mild normal severe

**year** number of years service (midpoint of interval)

**Source**

M. Aitkin and D. Anderson and B. Francis and J. Hinde (1989) "Statistical Modelling in GLIM" Oxford University Press.

---

potuse

*Marijuana usage by youth*

---

### Description

The National Youth Survey collected a sample of 11 to 17 year olds - 117 boys and 120 girls - asking questions about marijuana usage.

### Usage

`data(potuse)`

### Format

A data frame with 486 observations on the following 7 variables.

**sex** 1=Male, 2=Female

**year.76** 1=never used, 2=used no more than once a month, 3=used more than once a month in 1976

**year.77** 1=never used, 2=used no more than once a month, 3=used more than once a month in 1977

**year.78** 1=never used, 2=used no more than once a month, 3=used more than once a month in 1978

**year.79** 1=never used, 2=used no more than once a month, 3=used more than once a month in 1979

**year.80** 1=never used, 2=used no more than once a month, 3=used more than once a month in 1980

**count** Number of cases in this category

### Source

ICPSR, University of Michigan

### References

Lang J., McDonald, J and Smith P. (1999) "Association-Marginal Modeling of Multivariate Categorical Responses: A Maximum Likelihood Approach" *JASA* 94, 1161-

---

prostate

*Prostate cancer surgery*

---

### Description

The `prostate` data frame has 97 rows and 9 columns. A study on 97 men with prostate cancer who were due to receive a radical prostatectomy.

### Usage

`data(prostate)`



**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**lcavol** log(cancer volume)  
**lweight** log(prostate weight)  
**age** age  
**lbph** log(benign prostatic hyperplasia amount)  
**svi** seminal vesicle invasion  
**lcp** log(capsular penetration)  
**gleason** Gleason score  
**pgg45** percentage Gleason scores 4 or 5  
**lpsa** log(prostate specific antigen)

**Source**

Andrews DF and Herzberg AM (1985): Data. New York: Springer-Verlag

---

prplot *Partial Residual Plot*

---

**Description**

Makes a Partial Residual plot

**Usage**

```
prplot(g, i)
```

**Arguments**

**g** An object returned from `lm()`  
**i** index of predictor

**Details****Value**

none

**Author(s)**

Julian Faraway

**References**

**See Also****Examples**

```
data(stackloss)
g <- lm(stack.loss ~ .,stackloss)
prplot(g,1)
```

---

psid

*Panel Study of Income Dynamics subset*

---

**Description**

The Panel Study of Income Dynamics (PSID), begun in 1968, is a longitudinal study of a representative sample of U.S. individuals. The study is conducted at the Survey Research Center, Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan and is still continuing. The data represents a small subset of the total data.

**Usage**

```
data(psid)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 1661 observations on the following 6 variables.

**age** age in 1968

**educ** years of education

**sex** sex of individual, F or M

**income** annual income in dollars

**year** calendar year

**person** ID number for individual

**Source**

Martha S. Hill, *The Panel Study of Income Dynamics: A User's Guide*, Sage Publications, 1992, Newbury Park, CA.

---

pulp

*Brightness of paper pulp depending on shift operator*

---

### Description

The pulp data frame has 20 rows and 2 columns. Data comes from an experiment to test the paper brightness depending on a shift operator.

### Usage

```
data(pulp)
```

### Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

**bright** Brightness of the pulp as measured by a reflectance meter

**operator** Shift operator a-d

### Source

"Statistical techniques applied to production situations" F. Sheldon (1960) Industrial and Engineering Chemistry, 52, 507-509

---

pvc

*Production of PVC by operator and resin railcar*

---

### Description

Data from an experiment to study factors affecting the production of the plastic PVC, 3 operators used 8 different devices called resin railcars to produce PVC. For each of the 24 combinations, two samples were produced.

### Usage

```
data(pvc)
```

### Format

Dataset contains the following variables

**psize** Particle size

**operator** Operator number 1, 2 or 3

**resin** Resin railcar 1-8

### Source

R. Morris and E. Watson (1998) "A comparison of the techniques used to evaluate the measurement process" Quality Engineering, 11, 213-219

---

`qqnorm1`*Labeled QQ plot*

---

**Description**

Makes a labeled QQ plot

**Usage**

```
qqnorm1(y, main = "Normal Q-Q Plot", xlab = "Theoretical Quantiles",  
        ylab = "Sample Quantiles", ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>y</code>	A numeric vector
<code>main</code>	main label
<code>xlab</code>	x-axis label
<code>ylab</code>	y-axis label
<code>...</code>	arguments passed to <code>plot()</code>

**Details****Value**

none

**Author(s)**

Julian Faraway

**References****See Also****Examples**

```
qqnorm1(rnorm(16))
```

---

 rabbit

*Rabbit weight gain by diet and litter*


---

**Description**

A nutritionist studied the effects of six diets, on weight gain of domestic rabbits. From past experience with sizes of litters, it was felt that only 3 uniform rabbits could be selected from each available litter. There were ten litters available forming blocks of size three.

**Usage**

```
data(rabbit)
```

**Format**

The variables in the dataset were

**treat** Diet a through f

**gain** Weight gain

**block** Block (10 litters)

**Source**

"Experimental Design and Analysis" by M. Lentner and T. Bishop, Valley Book Company, 1986

---

ratdrink

*Rat growth weights affected by additives*


---

**Description**

The data consist of 5 weekly measurements of body weight for 27 rats. The first 10 rats are on a control treatment while 7 rats have thyroxine added to their drinking water. 10 Rats have thiouracil added to their water.

**Usage**

```
data(ratdrink)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 135 observations on the following 4 variables.

**wt** Weight of the rat

**weeks** Week of the study from 0 to 4

**subject** the rat code number

**treat** treatment applied to the rat drinking water - a factor with levels control thiouracil thyroxine

**Source**

Unknown

---

rats

*Effect of toxic agents on rats*

---

### Description

An experiment was conducted as part of an investigation to combat the effects of certain toxic agents.

### Usage

```
data(rats)
```

### Format

A data frame with 48 observations on the following 3 variables.

**time** survival time in tens of hours

**poison** the poison type - a factor with levels I II III

**treat** the treatment - a factor with levels A B C D

### Source

Box G and Cox D (1964) "An analysis of transformations" J. Roy. Stat. Soc. Series B. **26** 211.

---

resceram

*Shape and plate effects on current noise in resistors*

---

### Description

The `resceram` data frame has 12 rows and 3 columns. Shape and plate effects on current noise in resistors

### Usage

```
data(resceram)
```

### Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

**noise** current noise

**shape** the geometrical shape of the resistor, A, B, C or D

**plate** the ceramic plate on which the resistor was mounted. Only three resistors will fit on one plate.

### Source

Natrella, M (1963) "Experimental Statistics" National Bureau of Standards Handbook 91, Gaithersburg MD.

---

salmonella	<i>Salmonella reverse mutagenicity assay</i>
------------	--

---

**Description**

The data was collected in a salmonella reverse mutagenicity assay where the numbers of revertant colonies of TA98 Salmonella observed on each of three replicate plates for different doses of quinoline

**Usage**

```
data(salmonella)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 18 observations on the following 2 variables.

**colonies** numbers of revertant colonies of TA98 Salmonella

**dose** dose level of quinoline

**Source**

Breslow N.E. (1984), Extra-Poisson Variation in Log-linear Models, ApplStat, pp. 38-44.

---

sat	<i>School expenditure and test scores from USA in 1994-95</i>
-----	---

---

**Description**

The `sat` data frame has 50 rows and 7 columns. Data were collected to study the relationship between expenditures on public education and test results.

**Usage**

```
data(sat)
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**expend** Current expenditure per pupil in average daily attendance in public elementary and secondary schools, 1994-95 (in thousands of dollars)

**ratio** Average pupil/teacher ratio in public elementary and secondary schools, Fall 1994

**salary** Estimated average annual salary of teachers in public elementary and secondary schools, 1994-95 (in thousands of dollars)

**takers** Percentage of all eligible students taking the SAT, 1994-95

**verbal** Average verbal SAT score, 1994-95

**math** Average math SAT score, 1994-95

**total** Average total score on the SAT, 1994-95

**Source**

"Getting What You Pay For: The Debate Over Equity in Public School Expenditures" D. Guber, Journal of Statistics Education, 1999

---

savings	<i>Savings rates in 50 countries</i>
---------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The savings data frame has 50 rows and 5 columns. The data is averaged over the period 1960-1970.

**Usage**

```
data(savings)
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**sr** savings rate - personal saving divided by disposable income

**pop15** percent population under age of 15

**pop75** percent population over age of 75

**dpi** per-capita disposable income in dollars

**ddpi** percent growth rate of dpi

**Source**

Belsley, D., Kuh. E. and Welsch, R. (1980) "Regression Diagnostics" Wiley.

---

seatpos	<i>Car seat position depending driver size</i>
---------	--

---

**Description**

Car drivers like to adjust the seat position for their own comfort. Car designers would find it helpful to know where different drivers will position the seat depending on their size and age. Researchers at the HuMoSim laboratory at the University of Michigan collected data on 38 drivers.

**Usage**

```
data(seatpos)
```



**Format**

The dataset contains the following variables

**Age** Age in years

**Weight** Weight in lbs

**HtShoes** Height in shoes in cm

**Ht** Height bare foot in cm

**Seated** Seated height in cm

**Arm** lower arm length in cm

**Thigh** Thigh length in cm

**Leg** Lower leg length in cm

**hipcenter** horizontal distance of the midpoint of the hips from a fixed location in the car in mm

**Source**

"Linear Models in R" by Julian Faraway, CRC Press, 2004

---

semicond

*Semiconductor split-plot experiment*

---

**Description**

The semicond data frame has 48 rows and 5 columns.

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**resistance** a numeric vector

**ET** a factor with levels 1 to 4 representing etch time.

**Wafer** a factor with levels 1 to 3

**position** a factor with levels 1 to 4

**Grp** an ordered factor with levels 1/1 < 1/2 < 1/3 < 2/1 < 2/2 < 2/3 < 3/1 < 3/2 < 3/3 < 4/1 < 4/2 < 4/3

**Details**

Also found in the SASmixed package

**Source**

Littel, R. C., Milliken, G. A., Stroup, W. W., and Wolfinger, R. D. (1996), *SAS System for Mixed Models*, SAS Institute (Data Set 2.2(b)).

---

 sexab

*Post traumatic stress disorder in abused adult females*


---

### Description

The data for this example come from a study of the effects of childhood sexual abuse on adult females. 45 women being treated at a clinic, who reported childhood sexual abuse, were measured for post traumatic stress disorder and childhood physical abuse both on standardized scales. 31 women also being treated at the same clinic, who did not report childhood sexual abuse were also measured. The full study was more complex than reported here and so readers interested in the subject matter should refer to the original article.

### Usage

```
data(sexab)
```

### Format

The variables in the dataset are

**cpa** Childhood physical abuse on standard scale

**ptsd** Post-traumatic stress disorder on standard scale

**csa** Childhood sexual abuse - abused or not abused

### Source

N. Rodriguez and S. Ryan and H. Vande Kemp and D. Foy (1997) "Postraumatic stress disorder in adult female survivors of childhood sexual abuse: A comparison study", *Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology*, 65, 53-59

---

 sexfun

*Marital sex ratings*


---

### Description

Data from a questionnaire from 91 couples in the Tucson, Arizona area. Subjects answered the question "Sex is fun for me and my partner". The possible answers were "never or occasionally", "fairly often", "very often" and "almost always"

### Usage

```
data(sexfun)
```

### Format

A data frame with 16 observations on the following 3 variables.

**y** the count

**husband** a factor with levels never fairly very always

**wife** a factor with levels never fairly very always

**Source**

Hout, M., Duncan, O. and Sobel M. (1987) Association and heterogeneity: Structural models of similarities and differences. *Sociological Methods*. 17, 145-184.

---

solder

*Solder skips in circuit board manufacture*


---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(solder)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

sono

*Sonoluminescence*


---

**Description**

The sono data frame has 16 rows and 8 columns. Sonoluminescence is the process of turning sound energy into light. An experiment was conducted to study factors affecting this process.

**Usage**

```
data(sono)
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**Intensity** Sonoluminescent light intensity

**Molarity** Amount of Solute. The coding is "low" for 0.10 mol and "high" for 0.33 mol.

**Solute** Solute type. The coding is "low" for sugar and "high" for glycerol.

**pH** The coding is "low" for 3 and "high" for 11.

**Gas** Gas type in water. The coding is "low" for helium and "high" for air.

**Water** Water depth. The coding is "low" for half and "high" for full.

**Horn** Horn depth. The coding is "low" for 5 mm and "high" for 10 mm.

**Flask** Flask clamping. The coding is "low" for unclamped and "high" for clamped.

**Source**

Eva Wilcox and Ken Inn of the NIST Physics Laboratory conducted this experiment during 1999 and published in NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>

---

soybean

*Germination failures for soybean seeds*

---

**Description**

An experiment was conducted to compare the germination rates of the five varieties of soybean. Five plots were available.

**Usage**

`data(soybean)`

**Format**

A data frame with 25 observations on the following 3 variables.

**variety** the variety - a factor with levels `arasan check fermate semesan spergon`

**replicate** the plot - a factor with levels `1 2 3 4 5`

**failure** the number of failures out of 100 planted seeds

**Source**

Snedecor G. and Cochran W. (1967) *Statistical Methods* (6th Ed) Iowa State University Press

---

spector

*Teaching methods in Economics*

---

**Description**

A study to determine the effectiveness of a new teaching method in Economics

**Usage**

`data(spector)`

**Format**

A data frame with 32 observations on the following 4 variables.

**grade** 1 = exam grades improved, 0 = not improved

**psi** 1 = student exposed to PSI (a new teach method), 0 = not exposed

**tuce** a measure of ability when entering the class

**gpa** grade point average

**Source**

Spector, L. and Mazzeo, M. (1980), "Probit Analysis and Economic Education", *Journal of Economic Education*, 11, 37 - 44.

---

speedo

*Speedometer cable shrinkage*

---

### Description

Speedometer cables can be noisy because of shrinkage in the plastic casing material. An experiment was conducted to find out what caused shrinkage by screening a large number of factors. The engineers started with 15 different factors.

### Usage

```
data(speedo)
```

### Format

The dataset contains the following variables: (variables a-o are 2 level factors, coded "+" and "-" where "+" indicates a higher value where appropriate)

- a** liner outer diameter
- b** liner die
- c** liner material
- d** liner line speed
- e** wire braid type
- f** braiding tension
- g** wire diameter
- h** liner tension
- i** liner temperature
- j** coating material
- k** coating die type
- l** melt temperature
- m** screen pack
- n** cooling method
- o** line speed
- y** percentage shrinkage per specimen

### Source

G. P. Box and S. Bisgaard and C. Fung (1988) "An explanation and critique of Taguchi's contributions to quality engineering", *Quality and reliability engineering international*, 4, 123-131

---

star

*Star light intensities and temperatures*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(star)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

stat500

*Scores for students in Stat500 class*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(stat500)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

 strongx

*Strong interaction experiment data*


---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(strongx)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

 suicide

*Suicide method data from the UK*


---

**Description**

One year of suicide data from the United Kingdom crossclassified by sex, age and method.

**Usage**

```
data(suicide)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 36 observations on the following 4 variables.

**y** number of people

**cause** method used - a factor with levels drug (suicide by solid or liquid matter), gas, gun (guns, knives or explosives) hang (hanging, strangling, suffocating or drowning, jump other

**age** a factor with levels m (middle-aged) o (old) y (young)

**sex** a factor with levels f m

**Source**

Everitt B. & Dunn G. (1991) "Applied Multivariate Data Analysis" Edward Arnold

---

 teengamb

*Study of teenage gambling in Britain*


---

### Description

The teengamb data frame has 47 rows and 5 columns. A survey was conducted to study teenage gambling in Britain.

### Usage

```
data(teengamb)
```

### Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

**sex** 0=male, 1=female

**status** Socioeconomic status score based on parents' occupation

**income** in pounds per week

**verbal** verbal score in words out of 12 correctly defined

**gamble** expenditure on gambling in pounds per year

### Source

Ide-Smith & Lea, 1988, Journal of Gambling Behavior, 4, 110-118

---

toenail

*Toenail infection treatment study*


---

### Description

The data come from a Multicenter study comparing two oral treatments for toenail infection. Patients were evaluated for the degree of separation of the nail. Patients were randomized into two treatments and were followed over seven visits - four in the first year and yearly thereafter. The patients have not been treated prior to the first visit so this should be regarded as the baseline.

### Usage

```
data(toenail)
```

### Format

A data frame with 1908 observations on the following 5 variables.

**ID** ID of patient

**outcome** 0=none of mild separation, 1=moderate or severe

**treatment** the treatment A or B

**month** time of the visit (not exactly monthly intervals hence not round numbers)

**visit** the number of the visit



**Source**

De Backer, M., De Vroey, C., Lesaffre, E., Scheys, I., and De Keyser, P. (1998). Twelve weeks of continuous oral therapy for toenail onychomycosis caused by dermatophytes: A double-blind comparative trial of terbinafine 250 mg/day versus itraconazole 200 mg/day. *Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology*, 38, 57-63.

**References**

Lesaffre, E. and Spiessens, B. (2001). On the effect of the number of quadrature points in a logistic random-effects model: An example. *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, Series C*, 50, 325-335.

G. Fitzmaurice, N. Laird and J. Ware (2004) *Applied Longitudinal Analysis*, Wiley

---

troutegg

*Survival of trout eggs depending on time and location*


---

**Description**

Boxes of trout eggs were buried at five different stream locations and retrieved at 4 different times. The number of surviving eggs was recorded. The box was not returned to the stream.

**Usage**

```
data(troutegg)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 20 observations on the following 4 variables.

**survive** the number of surviving eggs

**total** the number of eggs in the box

**location** the location in the stream with levels 1 2 3 4 5

**period** the number of weeks after placement that the box was withdrawn levels 4 7 8 11

**Source**

Manly B. (1978) Regression models for proportions with extraneous variance. *Biometrie-Praximetrie*, 18, 1-18.

**References**

Hinde J. and Demetrio C. (1988) Overdispersion: Models and estimation. *Computational Statistics and Data Analysis*. 27, 151-170.

---

truck

*Truck leaf spring experiment*


---

**Description**

Data on an experiment concerning the production of leaf springs for trucks. A  $2^{5-1}$  fractional factorial experiment with 3 replicates was carried out with objective of recommending production settings to achieve a free height as close as possible to 8 inches.

**Usage**

```
data(truck)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 48 observations on the following 6 variables.

**B** furnace temperature - a factor with levels + -

**C** heating time - a factor with levels + -

**D** transfer time - a factor with levels + -

**E** hold-down time - a factor with levels + -

**O** quench oil temperature - a factor with levels + -

**height** leaf spring free height in inches

**Source**

J. J. Pignatiello and J. S. Ramberg (1985) Contribution to discussion of offline quality control, parameter design and the Taguchi method, *Journal of Quality Technology*, **17** 198-206.

**References**

P. McCullagh and J. Nelder (1989) "Generalized Linear Models" Chapman and Hall, 2nd ed.

---

turtle

*Incubation temperature and the sex of turtles*


---

**Description**

Incubation temperature and the sex of turtles

**Usage**

```
data(turtle)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 15 observations on the following 3 variables.

**temp** temperature in degrees centigrade

**male** number of male turtles hatched

**female** number of female turtles hatched

**Details**

Incubation temperature can affect the sex of turtles. There are 3 independent replicates for each temperature.

**Source**

Beyond Traditional Statistical Methods Copyright 2000 D. Cook, P. Dixon, W. M. Duckworth, M. S. Kaiser, K. Koehler, W. Q. Meeker and W. R. Stephenson. Developed as part of NSF/ILI grant DUE9751644.

**Examples**

```
data(turtle)
```

---

twins

*Twin IQs from Burt*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(twins)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

uncviet

*UNC student opinions about the Vietnam War*

---

**Description**

A student newspaper conducted a survey of student opinions about the Vietnam War in May 1967. Responses were classified by sex, year in the program and one of four opinions. The survey was voluntary.

**Usage**

```
data(uncviet)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 40 observations on the following 4 variables.

**y** the count

**policy** a factor with levels A (defeat power of North Vietnam by widespread bombing and land invasion) B (follow the present policy) C (withdraw troops to strong points and open negotiations on elections involving the Viet Cong) D (immediate withdrawal of all U.S. troops)

**sex** a factor with levels Female Male

**year** a factor with levels Fresh Grad Junior Senior Soph

**Source**

M. Aitkin and D. Anderson and B. Francis and J. Hinde (1989) "Statistical Modelling in GLIM" Oxford University Press.

---

uswages

*Weekly wages of US male workers in 1988*

---

**Description**

The uswages data frame has 2000 rows and 10 columns. Weekly Wages for US male workers sampled from the Current Population Survey in 1988.

**Usage**

```
data(uswages)
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**wage** Real weekly wages in dollars (deflated by personal consumption expenditures - 1992 base year)

**educ** Years of education

**exper** Years of experience

**race** 1 if Black, 0 if White (other races not in sample)

**smsa** 1 if living in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, 0 if not

**ne** 1 if living in the North East

**mw** 1 if living in the Midwest

**we** 1 if living in the West

**so** 1 if living in the South

**pt** 1 if working part time, 0 if not

**Source**

Bierens, H.J., and D. Ginther (2001): "Integrated Conditional Moment Testing of Quantile Regression Models", *Empirical Economics* 26, 307-324

---

vif	<i>vif</i>
-----	------------

---

**Description**

Computes the variance inflation factors

**Usage**

```
vif(object)
```

**Arguments**

`object` a data matrix (design matrix without intercept) or a model object

**Details****Value**

variance inflation factors

**Author(s)**

Julian Faraway

**References****See Also****Examples**

```
data(stackloss)
vif(stackloss[,-4])
# Air.Flow Water.Temp Acid.Conc.
# 2.9065 2.5726 1.3336
```

---

vision

*Vision acuity tests*

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(vision)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

---

wafer

*resitivity of wafer in semiconductor experiment*

---

**Description**

A full factorial experiment with four two-level predictors.

**Usage**

```
data(wafer)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 16 observations on the following 5 variables.

**x1** a factor with levels - +

**x2** a factor with levels - +

**x3** a factor with levels - +

**x4** a factor with levels - +

**resist** Resistivity of the wafer

**Source**

Myers, R. and Montgomery D. (1997) A tutorial on generalized linear models, Journal of Quality Technology, 29, 274-291.

---

wavesolder

*Defects in a wave soldering process*

---

### Description

Components are attached to an electronic circuit card assembly by a wave-soldering process. The soldering process involves baking and preheating the circuit card and then passing it through a solder wave by conveyor. Defect arise during the process. Design is  $2^{7-3}$  with 3 replicates.

### Usage

```
data(wavesolder)
```

### Format

A data frame with 16 observations on the following 10 variables.

**y1** Number of defects in the first replicate

**y2** Number of defects in the second replicate

**y3** Number of defects in the third replicate

**prebake** prebake condition - a factor with levels 1 2

**flux** flux density - a factor with levels 1 2

**speed** conveyor speed - a factor with levels 1 2

**preheat** preheat condition - a factor with levels 1 2

**cooling** cooling time - a factor with levels 1 2

**agitator** ultrasonic solder agitator - a factor with levels 1 2

**temp** solder temperature - factcor with levels 1 2

### Source

L. Condra (1993) Reliability improvement with design of experiments. Marcel Dekker, NY.

### References

M. Hamada and J. Nelder (1997) Generalized linear models for quality improvement experiments, Journal of Quality Technology, 29, 292-304

---

wbca

*Wisconsin breast cancer database*

---

### Description

Data come from a study of breast cancer in Wisconsin. There are 681 cases of potentially cancerous tumors of which 238 are actually malignant. Determining whether a tumor is really malignant is traditionally determined by an invasive surgical procedure. The purpose of this study was to determine whether a new procedure called fine needle aspiration which draws only a small sample of tissue could be effective in determining tumor status.

### Usage

```
data(wbca)
```

### Format

A data frame with 681 observations on the following 10 variables.

**Class** 0 if malignant, 1 if benign

**Adhes** marginal adhesion

**BNucl** bare nuclei

**Chrom** bland chromatin

**Epith** epithelial cell size

**Mitos** mitoses

**NNucl** normal nucleoli

**Thick** clump thickness

**UShap** cell shape uniformity

**USize** cell size uniformity

### Details

The predictor values are determined by a doctor observing the cells and rating them on a scale from 1 (normal) to 10 (most abnormal) with respect to the particular characteristic.

### Source

Bennett, K.,P., and Mangasarian, O.L., Neural network training via linear programming. In P. M. Pardalos, editor, *Advances in Optimization and Parallel Computing*, pages 56-57. Elsevier Science, 1992



---

weldstrength	<i>welding strength DOE</i>
--------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

An experiment to investigate factors affecting welding strength.

**Usage**

```
data(weldstrength)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 16 observations on the following 10 variables.

**Rods** a 0-1 predictor

**Drying** a 0-1 predictor

**Material** a 0-1 predictor

**Thickness** a 0-1 predictor

**Angle** a 0-1 predictor

**Opening** a 0-1 predictor

**Current** a 0-1 predictor

**Method** a 0-1 predictor

**Preheating** a 0-1 predictor

**Strength** The welding strength

**Source**

G. Box and R. Meyer (1986) Dispersion effects from fractional designs, *Technometrics*, 28, 19-27

---

wheat	<i>Insect damage to wheat varieties</i>
-------	---

---

**Description**

Example Dataset from "Practical Regression and Anova"

**Usage**

```
data(wheat)
```

**Format**

See for yourself

**Source**

See Reference

**References**

Reference details may be found in "Practical Regression and Anova" by Julian Faraway

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